

CESSNA 172 S/R MANEUVER GUIDE

Disclaimer: This guide is to be used as reference only and does not preclude checklist usage, pilot operating handbook or flight instruction

**Verbal callouts will be indicated through italicized text. Ex: "Gauges Green, Airspeed Alive"

Normal Takeoff:	Callouts
 Takeoff Checklist Perform Radio Communications Line-Up on Runway Full Power (Right rudder as needed) Rotate at 55 KIAS Pitch for Vy (74 KIAS, approximately 10° pitch) Perform Climb/Cruise checklist when appropriate 	"Runway 17L" "Gauges green, airspeed alive" "Rotate"

Private Standards	Airspeed: -5/+10 KIAS
Commercial Standards	Airspeed: ±5 KIAS

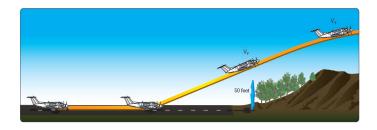
Normal Landing

- 1. Complete an Descent Checklist prior to pattern entry
- 2. Before Landing Checklist
- 3. Downwind: 1900-2100RPM; 90 KIAS
- 4. Abeam TD Point (or 3nm final): 1500RPM; 10° Flaps; 85 KIAS
- 5. Base (or 2nm final): 20° Flaps; 75 KIAS
- 6. Final (or 1nm final): 30°; 65 KIAS (*note add ½ gust factor)
- 7. Close Throttle prior to touchdown, maintain positive pitch attitude

Airspeed: -5/+10 KIAS TD Point: -0/+400 FT
Airspeed: ±5 KIAS TD Point: -0/+200 FT



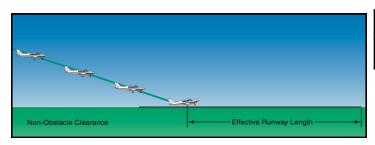
Short Field Takeoff	Callouts
Flaps 10° Takeoff Checklist Perform Radio Communications	
4. Line-Up on Runway using max available runway 5. Hold Brakes, Apply Full Power (Right rudder as needed); release brakes	"Runway 17L" "Gauges green" "Airspeed alive"
Elevator slightly tail low, lift off at 51 KIAS allow airplane to fly off runway	"Rotate"
7. Pitch for 56 KIAS until over 50' obstacle	"50, Vx, flaps 10"
8. Pitch for Vy 74KIAS when clear of obstacles9. Above 200ft, Raise flaps10. Perform Climb/Cruise checklist when appropriate	"200, Vy, flaps 0"



Private Standards	Airspeed: -5/+10 KIAS
Commercial Standards	Airspeed: ±5 KIAS

Short Field Landing

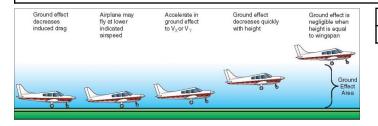
- 1. Complete an descent Checklist prior to pattern entry
- 2. Before Landing Checklist
- 3. Downwind 1900-2100RPM; 90 KIAS
- 4. Abeam TD Point (or 3nm final): 1500RPM; 10° Flaps; 85 KIAS
- 5. Base (or 2nm final): 20° Flaps; 75 KIAS
- 6. Final (or 1nm final): 30° Flaps; 65 KIAS
- 7. Short Final **61 KIAS** (to prevent floating *note add ½ gust factor)
- 8. Close Throttle ~200ft prior to desired TD Point to minimize float, land on TD Point
- 9. Slowly bring nose to the runway, apply maximum braking.



Private Standards	Airspeed: -5/+10 KIAS TD Point: -0/+200 FT
Commercial Standards	Airspeed: ±5 KIAS TD Point: -0/+100 FT



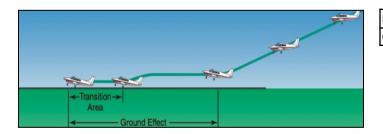
Soft Field Takeoff Callouts 1. Flaps 10° 2. Takeoff Checklist 3. Perform Radio Communications 4. Line-Up on Runway with FULL Aft Elevator "Runway 17L" 5. Apply Full Power (Right rudder and relief of some back "Gauges green, Airspeed **pressure** may be needed to prevent tail strike) alive" 6. Lift off at lowest possible airspeed 7. Promptly reduce pitch to maintain within 1/2 wingspan of the ground (**Ground Effect**) 8. Accelerate to Vx 62 KIAS 9. Initiate climb at Vx 62 KIAS while accelerating to Vy 74 "Vx, climb" **KIAS** 10. Above 200ft, Raise flaps "200, Vy, flaps 0" 11. Perform Climb/Cruise checklist when appropriate



Private Standards	Airspeed: -5/+10 KIAS
Commercial Standards	Airspeed: ±5 KIAS

Soft Field Landing

- 1. Complete an Approach Checklist prior to pattern entry
- 2. Before Landing Checklist
- 3. Downwind 1900-2100RPM; 90 KIAS
- 4. Abeam Touch down Point (or 3nm final): 1500RPM; 10° Flaps; 85 KIAS
- 5. Base (or 2nm final): 20° Flaps; 75 KIAS
- 6. Final (or 1nm final): 30° Flaps; 65 KIAS
- 7. Transition the airplane attitude to ensure a **soft touchdown**, throttle at or near idle
- 8. Slowly increase back pressure to full elevator authority (DO NOT tail strike)
- 9. Maintain back pressure until off "soft" surface



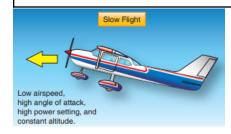
Private Standards	Airspeed: -5/+10 KIAS
Commercial Standards	Airspeed: ±5 KIAS



Slow Flight

- 1. Perform Pre-Maneuver Checklist
- 2. Reduce throttle to 1700 RPM (maintain altitude)
- 3. Incrementally add flaps; verify landing configuration
- 4. Slow to just above stall horn (~50 KIAS depending on weight)
- 5. Pitch for Speed, Power for Altitude (significant power increase may be necessary)
- 6. Perform level flight, turns, climbs and descents as required (apply necessary rudder)
- 7. Recovery: Reduce AoA and apply Full Power, Flaps 20°
- 8. Level and accelerate to Vx 62 or Vy 74, Flaps 10°
- 9. At Vy 74 KIAS and Positive Rate, Flaps 0°
- 10. Return to starting altitude

11. Perform Cruise checklist when appropriate



Private Standards	Airspeed: -0/+10 KIAS Heading: ±10° Altitude: ±100 FT Specified Bank: ±10°
Commercial Standards	Airspeed: -0/+5 KIAS Heading: ±10° Altitude: ±50 FT Specified Bank: ±5°

Power-Off Stall (Stall can be to first indication or full)

- 1. Perform Pre-Maneuver Checklist
- 2. Reduce throttle to 1500 RPM (maintain altitude)
- 3. Incrementally add flaps; verify landing configuration
- 4. Initiate stabilized descent @ 60 KIAS
- 5. Throttle **idle**, increase **pitch to maintain altitude** (apply necessary rudder)
- 6. At stall/buffet/horn: Reduce AoA and apply Full Power, Flaps 20°
- 7. Level and accelerate to Vx 62 or Vy 74, Flaps 10°
- 8. At Vy 74 KIAS and Positive Rate, Flaps 0°
- 9. Return to starting altitude
- 10. Perform Cruise Checklist when appropriate

Private Standards	Heading: ±10° Specified Bank(if any): ±10°
Commercial Standards	Heading: ±10° Specified Bank(if any): ±5°



Power On Stall (Stall can be to first indication or full)

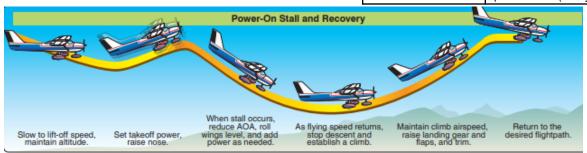
- 1. Perform Pre-Maneuver Checklist
- 2. Reduce throttle to 1500RPM (maintain altitude) to slow to Vr 55KIAS
- 3. Verify Takeoff Configuration
- 4. Increase Pitch (20-25°) & Power simultaneously (apply necessary rudder)
- 5. At stall/buffet/horn: **Reduce AoA** to horizon
- 6. Accelerate to Vx 62 KIAS or Vy 74KIAS (as necessary)
- 7. climb to starting altitude or momentarily if above
- 8. Perform Climb/Cruise Checklist when appropriate

Private Standards

Heading: ±10°
Specified Bank(if any): ±10°

Commercial Standards

Heading: ±10°
Specified Bank(if any): ±5°



Steep Turns

- 1. Perform Pre-Maneuver Checklist
- 2. Reduce throttle to 2200 RPM, Slow to 98 KIAS
- 3. Choose visual waypoint
- 4. Roll into Bank **45°** Private, **50°** Commercial with Aileron **AND** Rudder, Maintain Altitude and Airspeed (add **elevator/trim** as necessary)
- 5. Increase to 2400 RPM
- 6. Roll out 20-25° ahead of entry heading with Aileron AND Rudder
- 7. Verify clear of traffic and roll into **opposite direction turn.** (smoothly and immediately for commercial)
- 8. Roll out 15-20° ahead of entry heading
- 9. Cruise checklist when appropriate

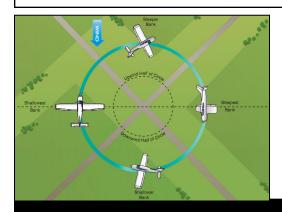
Private and Commercial Standards

Airspeed: ±10 KIAS Heading: ±10° Altitude: ±100 FT Bank: ±5°



Turns Around a Point (Private only)

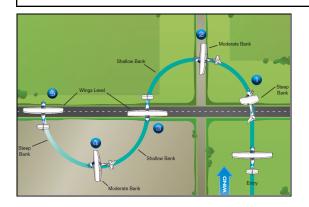
- 1. Perform Pre-Maneuver Checklist
- 2. Select appropriate ground reference and emergency field(s)
- 3. Descend to 800ft AGL (ACS says 600-1000ft)
- 4. Throttle to 2200RPM, Airspeed to 98 KIAS
- 5. Enter maneuver on **downwind**, use bank to correct for wind (High Ground Speed = Steep, Low Ground Speed = Shallow)
- 6. Exit upon returning to entry heading
- 7. Cruise checklist when appropriate



Private Standards Airspeed: ±10 KIAS Altitude: ±100 FT

S-Turns (Private only)

- 1. Perform Pre-Maneuver Checklist
- 2. Select ground reference 90° to the wind and emergency field(s)
- 3. Descend to 800ft AGL (ACS says 600-1000ft)
- 4. Throttle to 2200RPM, Airspeed to 98 KIAS
- 5. Enter maneuver on **downwind**, use bank to correct for wind (High Ground Speed = Steep, Low Ground Speed = Shallow)
- 6. Exit upon returning to entry heading
- 7. Cruise checklist when appropriate



Private Standards Airspeed: ±10 KIAS
Altitude: ±100 FT



Revision 12/1/2023 4700 Airport Parkway Addison, Texas 75001 972.735.9099

Power Off 180 (Commercial Only)

- 1. Complete an Approach Checklist prior to pattern entry
- 2. Before Landing Checklist Select Touch down Point
- 3. Abeam Touch down Point, throttle smoothly to idle, slow to Vg 68 KIAS
- Configure aircraft and manage airspeed as necessary:
 Anticipate earlier turn if in windy conditions
 Flaps may be increased on approach to steepen descent
 - Forward slip may be used to steepen descent
- 5. Aim 100-200ft prior to Touch down point (go around may be initiated if necessary)
- 6. Land with no sideload and proper pitch attitude (crosswind correction as necessary)

Commercial Standards

TD Point: -0/+200 FT

Accelerated Stall (Commercial Only)

- 1. Perform Pre-Maneuver Checklist
- 2. Reduce throttle to 1500RPM
- 3. Slow to **80 KIAS** (Use pitch to hold Altitude)
- 4. Power idle, Bank to 45° and add extensive back pressure
- 5. At first indication: Reduce AoA, apply Full Power and Level Wings
- 6. Perform Cruise Checklist when appropriate

Commercial Standards

Complete no lower than **3000 AGL**

Steep Spiral (Commercial Only)

- 1. Perform Pre-Maneuver Checklist
- 2. Establish flight path into **Upwind**
- 3. Select ground reference point
- 4. When directly over the point, reduce power to idle and slow to 85 KIAS
- 5. Adjust bank as necessary to keep point at a fixed distance up to 60° Bank
- 6. After completion of each 360° turn Clear Engine (power to 2000rpms momentarily)
- 7. Exit maneuver on specified heading, resume normal cruise
- 8. Perform Cruise Checklist when appropriate

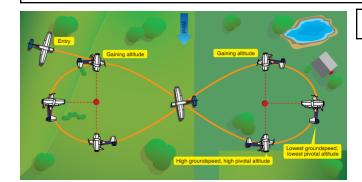
Commercial Standards

Bank: not to exceed 60° Airspeed: ±10 KIAS Specified Heading: ±10° Complete no lower than 1500 AGL



8's on Pylon (Commercial Only)

- 1. Perform Pre-Maneuver Checklist
- 2. Establish flight path **45° left of downwind** (bug entry heading)
- 3. Throttle to 2300RPM, Airspeed to 105 KIAS
- 4. Establish Pivotal Altitude
- 5. Select ground **reference point** (road, barn, small pond)
- 6. Begin **bank** when point is abeam wing (no more than 40°)
- 7. Use **pitch to maintain point** on reference line (pitch smoothly)
- 8. After completion of a left 270° turn maintain straight and level flight
- 9. After 5-7 seconds, perform steps 4-7 to the right
- 10. Roll out on bugged heading
- 11. Perform Climb/Cruise Checklist when appropriate



Commercial Standards

Bank: Not to exceed 40° Avoid Slips and Skids

Chandelle (Commercial Only)

- 1. Perform Pre-Maneuver Checklist
- 2. Throttle to 2300RPM, Airspeed to 105 KIAS
- 3. Select 90° Reference
- 4. Bank 30° then apply Full Power
- 5. Slowly increase pitch to 15-17° (should reach max pitch and hold at 90° point)
- 6. **Maintain pitch** and slowly **reduce bank** angle to be at 0° at 180° point
- 7. Slowly **reduce pitch** to maintain level flight and accelerate to cruise
- 8. Repeat steps 3-6 to the **right** (If asked to demonstrate to right)
- 9. Perform Cruise Checklist when appropriate

Commercial Standards

Heading: 180° ±10
Airspeed: Just above stall;
Maintain momentarily while
avoiding stall



Lazy Eight (Commercial Only)

- 1. Perform Pre-Maneuver Checklist
- 2. Select 45°,90° and 135° References
- 3. Verify configuration (maintain altitude, **98 KIAS** and power **2200RPM**)
- 4. Increase pitch & bank 1-2° per second (up to ~17° and speed should be near 60KIAS)

45°: 15° bank & max pitch up

- 5. Relieve back pressure, increase bank 90°: 30° bank, level pitch
- 6. Increase back pressure slowly (maintain nose low attitude), reduce bank 135°: 15° bank & max pitch down
- 7. Level off @ 180° from start at entry altitude, airspeed and reciprocal heading
- 8. Repeat steps 4-7 to the **Other direction** smoothly and immediately
- 9. Perform Cruise Checklist when appropriate

Bank: Approx 30° at Steepest Commercial Standards At 180° Point: Airspeed: ±10 KIAS Heading: ±10° Altitude: ±100 FT 90° point Bank 30° (approximate) 135° point 2. Minimum speed Maximum pitch-down 3. Maximum altitude Bank 15° (approximate) 4. Level pitch attitude 180° point Level flight Entry airspeed 3. Altitude same as entry altitude 45° point Maximum pitch-up attitude 2. Bank 15° (approximate) Entry Maneuvering or cruise speed (whichever is less or manufacturer's recommended speed)



Unusual Attitudes

- Use the attitude indicator to quickly determine whether the airplane is in a nose high or nose low attitude (cross check with altimeter, airspeed, and vertical speed indicators)
- 2. **Recognizing a nose high attitude**: nose up pitch on attitude indicator, increasing altitude on altimeter, vertical speed indicator shows climb, decreasing airspeed (possibly approaching a stall)
- 3. Nose High Recovery: Add full power, simultaneously lower the nose to the horizon, level the wings, trim
- 4. **Recognizing a nose low attitude**: nose down pitch on attitude indicator, decreasing altitude on altimeter, vertical speed indicator shows descent, increasing airspeed
- 5. Nose Low **Recovery**: **bring power to idle, level the wings** to avoid overstressing the airframe, **smoothly bring the nose to the horizon**, trim
- 6. Perform Cruise Checklist when appropriate

Standards	Recognize and perform the correct, coordinated and smooth flight control
	application to recover

Secondary Stall (CFI Only)

- 1. Perform Pre-Maneuver Checklist
- 2. Reduce throttle to **1500 RPM** (maintain altitude)
- 3. Incrementally add flaps; verify landing configuration
- 4. Initiate stabilized descent @ 60 KIAS
- 5. Throttle **idle**, increase **pitch to maintain altitude** (apply necessary rudder)
- 6. At first indication of stall: Reduce AoA
- 7. Once initial Stall indication stops, increase pitch to maintain altitude
- 8. At first indication of stall: Reduce AoA and apply Full Power, Flaps 20°
- 9. Level and accelerate to Vx 62 or Vy 74, Flaps 10°
- 10. At Vy 74 KIAS and Positive Rate, Flaps 0°
- 11. Return to starting altitude
- 12. Perform Cruise Checklist when appropriate

Standards	Exhibits instructional
	knowledge in demonstration
	of stall



Elevator Trim Stall (CFI Only)

- 1. Perform Pre-Maneuver Checklist
- 2. Reduce throttle to **1500 RPM** (maintain altitude)
- 3. Incrementally add flaps; verify landing configuration
- 4. Trim aircraft for a stabilized descent @ 60 KIAS
- 5. Simulate Go-around by adding full power and allow AOA to increase (apply necessary rudder).
- 6. At first indication of stall: Reduce AoA and apply forward trim, Flaps 20°
- 7. Level and accelerate to Vx 62 or Vy 74, Flaps 10°
- 8. At Vy 74 KIAS and Positive Rate, Flaps 0°
- 9. Return to starting altitude
- 10. Perform Cruise Checklist when appropriate

Standards	Exhibits instructional knowledge in demonstration
	of stall

Cross Controlled Stall (CFI Only)

- 1. Perform Pre-Maneuver Checklist
- 2. Select **visual reference** to simulate a runway
- 3. Reduce throttle to **1500 RPM** (maintain altitude)
- 4. Incrementally add Flaps 20°
- 5. Initiate descent and simulate overshooting final
- 6. Begin coordinated left turn back to runway while adding backpressure
- 7. As plane begins to overbank, maintain left rudder and back pressure while adding right aileron
- 8. At first indication of stall: Reduce AoA, apply Full Power, Flaps 10°
- 9. Perform Cruise Checklist when appropriate

Standards	Exhibits instructional knowledge in demonstration
	of stall

