

SPORTCRUISER MANEUVER GUIDE

Disclaimer: This guide is to be used as reference only and does not preclude checklist usage, pilot operating handbook or flight instruction

Normal Takeoff:

- 1. Takeoff Checklist
- 2. Perform Radio Communications
- 3. Line-Up on Runway
- 4. Full Power (Right rudder needed)
- 5. Rotate at 45 KIAS
- 6. Pitch for Vy (62 KIAS, approximately 10° pitch) until traffic pattern altitude
- 7. At traffic pattern altitude, lower pitch for 70 KIAS for better cooling and visibility.
- 8. Perform Climb/Cruise checklist when appropriate

Private S	tandards	Airspeed: -5/+10 KIAS
Commer	cial Standards	Airspeed: ±5 KIAS

Normal Landing

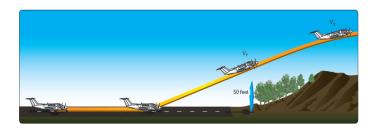
- 1. Complete an Approach Checklist prior to pattern entry
- 2. Before Landing Checklist
- 3. Downwind: 4500 RPM; 85 KIAS
- 4. Abeam TD Point (or 3nm final): 3000 RPM; 75 KIAS
- 5. Base (or 2nm final): 12° Flaps; 70 KIAS
- 6. Final (or 1nm final): 30°; 65 KIAS (*note add ½ gust factor to airspeed)
- 7. Close Throttle prior to touchdown, maintain positive pitch attitude

Private Standards	Airspeed: -5/+10 KIAS TD Point: -0/+400 FT	
	Airspeed: ±5 KIAS TD Point: -0/+200 FT	



Short Field Takeoff

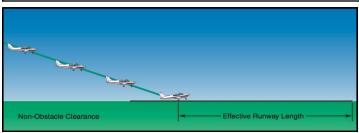
- 1. Flaps 12°
- 2. Takeoff Checklist
- 3. Perform Radio Communications
- 4. Line-Up on Runway using max available runway
- 5. Hold Brakes, Apply Full Power (Right rudder may be needed); release brakes
- 6. Rotate at **45 KIAS**
- 7. Pitch for Vx 56 KIAS (as specified) until over 50' obstacle
- 8. Pitch for Vy 62 KIAS when clear of obstacle
- 9. Above 200ft AGL, Raise flaps
- 10. Perform Climb/Cruise checklist when appropriate



Private Standards	Airspeed: -5/+10 KIAS
Commercial Standards	Airspeed: ±5 KIAS

Short Field Landing

- 1. Complete an Approach Checklist prior to pattern entry
- 2. Before Landing Checklist
- 3. Downwind 4500 RPM; 85 KIAS
- 4. Abeam TD Point (or 3nm final): 3000 RPM; 75 KIAS
- 5. Base (or 2nm final): 12° Flaps; 70 KIAS
- 6. Final (or 1nm final): **30° Flaps; 65 KIAS**
- 7. Short Final 55 KIAS (to prevent floating *note add ½ gust factor to airspeed)
- 8. Close Throttle ~200ft prior to desired TD Point to minimize float, land on TD Point
- 9. Slowly bring nose to the runway, flaps up, "maximum braking"

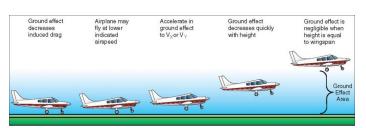


Airspeed: -5/+10 KIAS TD Point: -0/+200 FT
Airspeed: ±5 KIAS TD Point: -0/+100 FT



Soft Field Takeoff

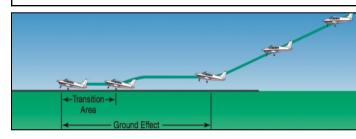
- 1. Flaps 12°
- 2. Takeoff Checklist
- 3. Perform Radio Communications
- 4. Line-Up on Runway with FULL Aft Elevator
- 5. Apply Full Power and Right rudder
- 6. As nose comes up relieve some backpressure, maintain nose high attitude
- 7. Lift off at lowest possible airspeed
- 8. Promptly reduce pitch to maintain <1 wingspan of ground (Ground Effect)
- 9. Accelerate to Vy 62 KIAS
- 10. Climb at Vy (approximately 10° pitch)
- 11. Above 200 ft AGL, Raise Flaps
- 12. Perform Climb/Cruise checklist when appropriate



Private Standards	Airspeed: -5/+10 KIAS
Commercial Standards	Airspeed: ±5 KIAS

Soft Field Landing

- 1. Complete an Approach Checklist prior to pattern entry
- 2. Before Landing Checklist
- 3. Downwind 4500 RPM; 85 KIAS
- 4. Abeam TD Point (or 3nm final): 3000 RPM; 75 KIAS
- 5. Base (or 2nm final): 12° Flaps; 70 KIAS
- 6. Final (or 1nm final): 30° Flaps; 65 KIAS
- 7. Short Final: 60 KIAS
- 8. Transition the airplane attitude to ensure a **soft, nose high, touchdown**, throttle to or near idle
- 9. Slowly increase back pressure to full elevator authority
- 10. Maintain back pressure until off "soft" surface



Private Standards	Airspeed: -5/+10 KIAS
Commercial Standards	Airspeed: ±5 KIAS



Slow Flight

- 1. Perform Pre-Maneuver Checklist
- 2. Reduce throttle to 3400 RPM (Pitch nose to maintain altitude)
- 3. Verify below V_{FE} (75 KIAS); add Flaps 12°, add approximately 200 RPM
- 4. Add Flaps 30°, Slow to just above stall horn 40 KIAS Increase power to 4000 RPM
- 5. Pitch for Speed, Power for Altitude
- 6. Perform level flight, turns, climbs and descents (may require significant power changes) (apply necessary rudder)
- 7. Recovery: Full power, flaps 12°
- 8. Level and accelerate to Vx 56 KIAS or Vy 62 KIAS
- 9. At Vy, Flaps 0°
- 10. Perform Climb/Cruise Checklist when appropriate



Private Standards	Airspeed: -0/+10 KIAS Heading: ±10° Altitude: ±100 FT Specified Bank: ±10°
Commercial Standards	Airspeed: -0/+5 KIAS Heading: ±10° Altitude: ±50 FT Specified Bank: ±5°

Power Off Stall

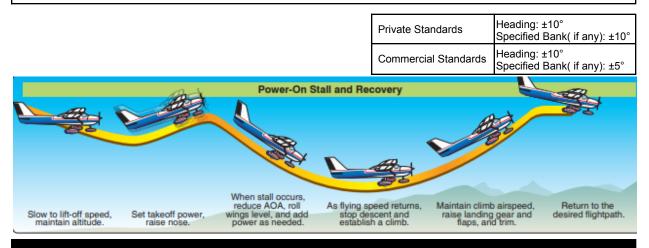
- 1. Perform Pre-Maneuver Checklist
- 2. Reduce throttle to 3400 RPM (pitch nose maintain altitude)
- 3. Incrementally add flaps below V_{FE} (75 KIAS); verify landing configuration
- 4. Initiate stabilized descent @ 60 KIAS
- 5. Throttle idle, increase pitch to maintain altitude (apply necessary rudder)
- 6. At stall/buffet/horn: Reduce AoA and apply Full Power, Flaps 12°
- 7. Level and accelerate to Vx 56 KIAS or Vy 62 KIAS
- 8. At Vy, Flaps 0°
- 9. Return to starting altitude
- 10. Perform Climb/Cruise Checklist when appropriate

	Heading: ±10° Specified Bank(if any): ±10°
Commercial Standards	Heading: ±10° Specified Bank(if any): ±5°



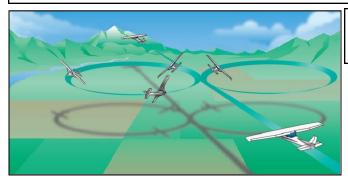
Power On Stall

- 1. Perform Pre-Maneuver Checklist
- 2. 3400 RPM (maintain altitude) to slow to just above Vr 50 KIAS
- 3. Increase Pitch (20-25°) & Full Power simultaneously (apply right rudder)
- 4. At stall: Reduce AoA
- 5. Accelerate to Vx or Vy (as necessary)
- 6. Perform Climb/Cruise Checklist when appropriate



Steep Turns

- 1. Perform Pre-Maneuver Checklist
- 2. Configure 88 KIAS; 4700 RPM
- 3. Pick a visual waypoint
- 4. Roll into Bank **45°** for Private, **50°** for Commercial with Aileron **AND** Rudder, Maintain Altitude and Airspeed, power to **5000 RPM**
- 5. Roll out 15-20° ahead of entry heading, with Aileron AND Rudder.
- 6. Verify clear of traffic and roll into opposite direction (smoothly and immediately for commercial)
- 7. Roll out 15-20° ahead of entry heading
- 8. Cruise checklist when appropriate

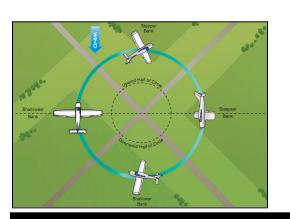


Private and Commercial Standards Airspeed: ±10 KIAS Heading: ±10° Altitude: ±100 FT Bank: ±5°



Turns Around a Point (Private only)

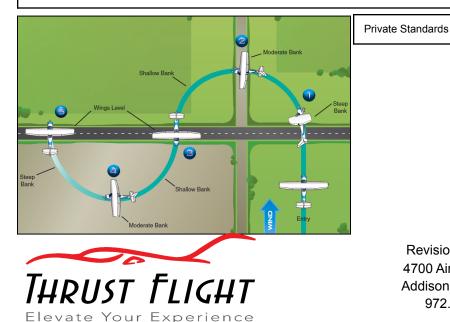
- 1. Perform Pre-Maneuver Checklist
- 2. Select appropriate ground references and emergency field(s)
- 3. Descend to 800ft AGL (ACS says 600 to 1000 AGL)
- 4. Configure 88 KIAS; 4700 RPM
- 5. Enter maneuver on **downwind**, bug heading, use bank to correct for wind (High Ground Speed = Steep, Low Ground Speed = Shallow)
- 6. Exit upon returning to entry heading
- 7. Cruise checklist when appropriate



Private Standards	Airspeed: ±10 KIAS Altitude: ±100 FT

S-Turns (Private only)

- 1. Perform Pre-Maneuver Checklist (Fuel Pump/Selector, Lights, Clear, Alt/Hdg Bugs)
- 2. Select appropriate ground references and emergency field(s)
- 3. Descend to 800ft AGL (ACS says 600 to 1000 AGL)
- 4. Configure 88 KIAS; 4700 RPM
- 5. Enter maneuver on **downwind**, use bank to correct for wind (High Ground Speed= Steep, Low Ground Speed = Shallow)
- 6. Exit on appropriate heading
- 7. Cruise checklist when appropriate



Airspeed: ±10 KIAS Altitude: ±100 FT

Power Off 180 (Commercial Only)

- 1. Complete an Approach Checklist prior to pattern entry
- 2. Before Landing Checklist Select Touch down Point
- 3. Abeam Touch down Point, throttle smoothly to idle, slow to Vg 60 KIAS
- Configure aircraft and manage airpseed as necessary: Anticipate earlier turn if in windy conditions Flaps may be increased on approach to steepen descent Forward slip may be used to steepen descent
- 5. Aim 100-200ft prior to Touch down point (go around may be initiated if necessary)
- 6. Land with no sideload and proper pitch attitude (crosswind correction as necessary)

Commercial Standards

TD Point: -0/+200 FT

Accelerated Stall (Commercial Only)

- 1. Perform Pre-Maneuver Checklist
- 2. Reduce throttle to **3000RPM**
- 3. Slow to 70 KIAS (Use pitch to hold Altitude)
- 4. Bank to 45° and add extensive back pressure
- 5. At first indication (Horn or Buffet): Reduce AoA, apply Full Power and Level Wings
- 6. Perform Cruise Checklist when appropriate

Commercial Standards

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Complete no lower than 3000 AGL
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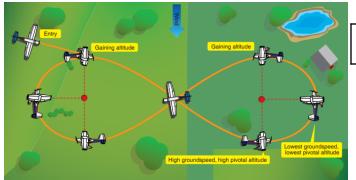
Steep Spiral (Commercial Only)

- 1. Perform Pre-Maneuver Checklist
- 2. Establish flight path into Upwind
- 3. Select ground **reference point**
- 4. When directly over the point, reduce power to idle and slow to 80 KIAS
- 5. Adjust bank as necessary to keep point at a fixed distance up to 60° Bank
- 6. After completion of each 360° turn Clear Engine (power to 4000 RPMs momentarily)
- 7. Exit maneuver on specified heading, resume normal cruise
- 8. Perform Cruise Checklist when appropriate



8's on Pylon (Commercial Only)

- 1. Perform Pre-Maneuver Checklist
- 2. Establish flight path 45° left of downwind (bug entry heading)
- 3. Throttle to 5000 RPM; 100 KIAS
- 4. Establish Pivotal Altitude
- 5. Select ground **reference point** (road, barn, small pond)
- 6. Begin **bank** when point is abeam wing (no more than 40°)
- 7. Use **pitch to maintain point** on reference line (pitch smoothly)
- 8. After completion of a left 270° turn maintain straight and level flight
- 9. After 5-7 seconds, perform steps 4-7 to the right
- 10. Roll out on bugged heading
- 11. Perform Climb/Cruise Checklist when appropriate



Commercial Standards Bank: Not to exceed 40° Avoid Slips and Skids

Chandelle (Commercial Only)

- 1. Perform Pre-Maneuver Checklist
- 2. Throttle to 4700 RPM, Airspeed to Va 88 KIAS
- 3. Select 90° Visual Reference
- 4. Establish 30° Bank then apply Full Power
- 5. Slowly increase pitch to 15-17° (should reach max pitch and hold at 90° point)
- 6. Maintain pitch and slowly reduce bank angle to be at 0° at 180° point
- 7. Slowly reduce pitch to maintain level flight and accelerate to cruise
- 8. Repeat steps 3-6 to the **right** (If asked to demonstrate to right)
- 9. Perform Cruise Checklist when appropriate

Commercial Standards Heading: 180° ±10 Airspeed: Just above stall; Maintain momentarily while avoiding stall

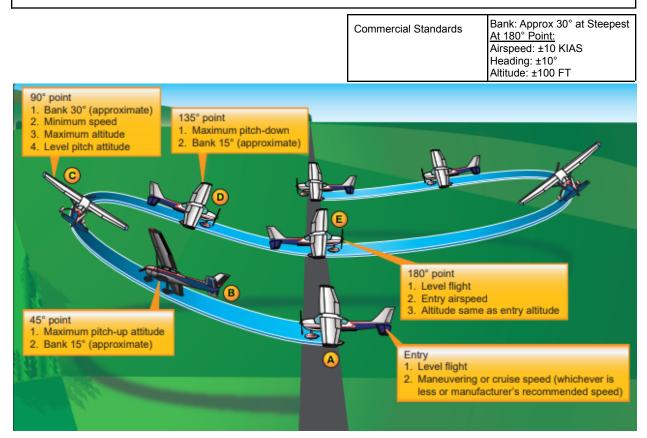


Lazy Eight (Commercial Only)

- 1. Perform Pre-Maneuver Checklist
- 2. Select 45°,90° and 135° Visual References
- 3. Verify configuration (maintain altitude, Va 88 KIAS and power 4700 RPM)
- Increase pitch & bank 1-2° per second (up to ~17° and speed should be near 55 KIAS)

45°: 15° bank & max pitch up

- 5. Relieve back pressure, increase bank 90°: 30° bank, level pitch
- Let pitch decrease and slowly reduce bank 135°: 15° bank & max pitch down
- 7. Begin to add back pressure to Level off @ 180° from start at entry altitude, airspeed and reciprocal heading
- 8. Repeat steps 4-7 to the Opposite direction smoothly and immediately
- 9. Perform Cruise Checklist when appropriate





Unusual Attitudes

- 1. Use the attitude indicator to quickly determine whether the airplane is in a nose high or nose low attitude (cross check with altimeter, airspeed, and vertical speed indicators)
- 2. **Recognizing a nose high attitude**: nose up pitch on attitude indicator, increasing altitude on altimeter, vertical speed indicator shows climb, decreasing airspeed (possibly approaching a stall)
- 3. Nose High **Recovery**: add full power, simultaneously lower the nose to the horizon, level the wings, trim
- 4. **Recognizing a nose low attitude**: nose down pitch on attitude indicator, decreasing altitude on altimeter, vertical speed indicator shows descent, increasing airspeed
- 5. Nose Low **Recovery**: **bring power to idle, level the wings** to avoid overstressing the airframe, **smoothly bring the nose to the horizon,** trim
- 6. Perform Cruise Checklist when appropriate

